Why and How We Got Here

Ashley Alexander
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board

Double Bayou Watershed Partnership May 21, 2013 Hankamer, TX

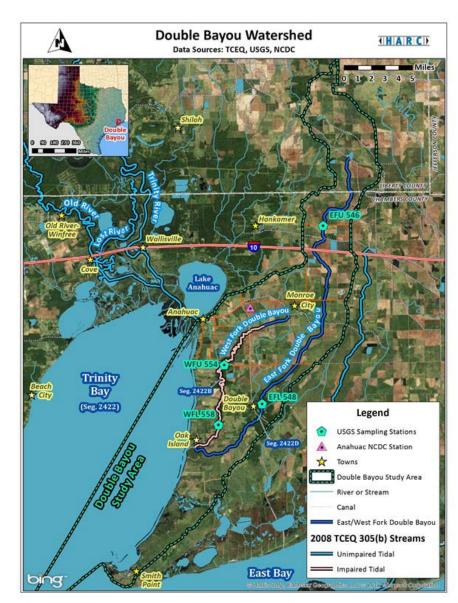


Outline

- What is the Double Bayou Watershed?
- What do we already know about Double Bayou?
- Why should we care about Double Bayou?
- What are we going to do about the issues surrounding Double Bayou?

Double Bayou Watershed

- Located northeast of Galveston Bay in Chambers County
- ▶ 138 square miles
 - Liberty and Chambers Counties
- Made up of two segments/forks:
 - West Fork and East Fork
- Largely non-urbanized
- Watershed characteristics include:
 - Oil and Gas wells
 - Agricultural lands
 - Extensive network of irrigation canals/channelized waterways



What do we know about Double Bayou?

- Made up of two segments
 - 2422B, West Fork-
 - Listed as impaired for dissolved oxygen (DO) and bacteria since 2004
 - 2422D, East Fork-
 - Listed as impaired for dioxins and PCBs in edible fish tissue, as well as concerned for depressed DO





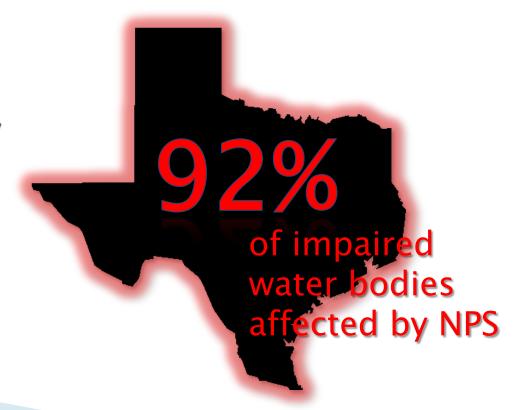
Impairments and Concerns

- Bacteria (Contact Recreation)
 - Test for indicator bacteria: E.coli and enterococci
 - Cause for human health risk
- Dissolved Oxygen (Aquatic Life)
 - Levels below 3 ppm are stressful to aquatic organisms
 - Low or depressed oxygen levels can indicate an excessive demand on oxygen in the system
- Dioxins and PCBs
 - Man-made chemicals
 - "legacy pollutants", typically bound to sediments

Point and Nonpoint Source Pollution

ALL of Texas' river and coastal basins, estuaries, coastal wetlands, and bays have been impacted by point and/or nonpoint source pollution.

Nonpoint source
 pollution is the primary
 cause of water quality
 problems in Texas



Characterization project

- August 2009 October 2011
- Funded through GBEP and TCEQ (ARRA funding)
- Researched baseline data from various agencies and universities
- Identified gaps and implemented water quality monitoring
- Analyzed water quality data, spatially and temporally
- Introduced results and watershed planning to key stakeholders in the watershed

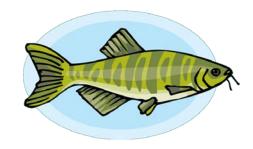


Federal Clean Water Act

- "restore & maintain the chemical, physical & biological integrity of the Nation's waters"
 - "water quality which provides for the protection of fish, shellfish, & wildlife & provides for recreation in & on the water"
- Also, federal Safe Drinking Water Act









Federal Clean Water Act

- Requires States to establish Water Quality Standards to achieve objective & goals
- Requires States to identify waterbodies failing to meet water quality standards & not supporting their designated uses
 - this list of impaired waterbodies is known as the Texas 303(d) List
 - must be submitted to USEPA for review & approval every two years

Water Quality in Texas

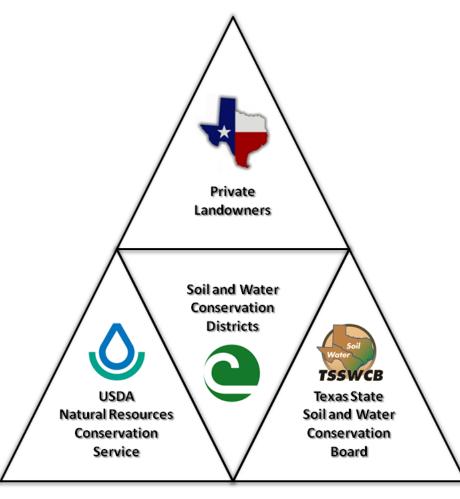


- Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board (TSSWCB)
 - Agricultural and Silvicultural Nonpoint Source



- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)
- Establish water quality standards
 - Including: Integrated Report, 303(d) List
- Point Source Permitting
- Wastewater Treatment Facilities (WWTF)
- Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
 - Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)
- All other forms of Nonpoint Source

Texas Conservation Partnership



Providing
Conservation Assistance
to Private Landowners
for 70+ Years

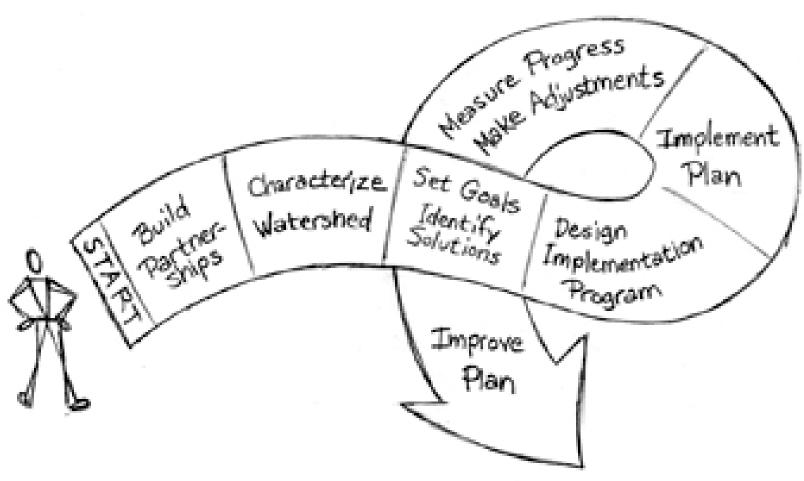
<u>LOCAL</u> = 216 SWCDs <u>STATE</u> = TSSWCB FEDERAL = USDA-NRCS

Watershed Approach

- Geographic focus based on hydrology rather than political boundaries
- Water quality objectives based on scientific data
- Coordinated priorities and integrated solutions
- Diverse, well-integrated partnerships



6 Steps of Watershed Planning



What is a WPP?

- Watershed Protection Plan
- WPPs are mechanisms for voluntarily addressing complex water quality problems that cross multiple jurisdictions
- WPPs holistically address all of the sources and causes of impairments and threats to both surface and ground water resources within a watershed
- WPPs are coordinated frameworks for implementing prioritized and integrated protection and restoration strategies driven by environmental objectives

What is a WPP?

- WPPs are tools to better leverage the resources of individual landowners and citizens, local governments, state and federal agencies, and nongovernmental organizations
- WPPs are developed and implemented through diverse, well integrated partnerships with decision making founded at the local level
- WPPs use adaptive management to modify the plan based on an ongoing science-based process involving monitoring and evaluating strategies and incorporating new knowledge into decision-making

Role of the Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board

- My role as Project Manager
 - Project Oversight
 - Management of all project activities
 - Ensure coordination of activities between project partners
 - Provide funding to conduct project
 - Serve as a technical resource through the development and implementation of the watershed protection plan
- Headquartered in Temple, TX

Project Impetus

- Waterway impaired and on 303(d) List
- Affects on local health, economy, and the Galveston Bay system
- Voluntary vs. mandatory approach



Double Bayou WPP Project

- TSSWCB for a Clean Water Act §319(h) grant from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to develop a Watershed Protection Plan for Double Bayou
- Funding- \$1,157,876 total
 - \$1,023,614 in federal funds
 - \$388,149 local match

Project Goal(s)

- To develop a nine element Watershed Protection Plan by:
 - establishing and providing direction for a stakeholder group that will serve as a decision making body,
 - conducting targeted water quality sampling and analysis,
 - identifying and analyzing spatial and temporal patterns in watershed data; and
 - increasing education among targeted audience.

Take Home Message

- Federal Clean Water Act requires us to take action to restore water quality in the Double Bayou watershed
- WPP is the preferred, voluntary, holistic path to accomplish this
- Watershed planning is driven by stakeholder decision-making, facilitated by a watershed coordinator, and based on scientific analysis

Questions?

Ashley Alexander Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board





254-773-2250 x249

www.tsswcb.texas.gov